# チェコ経済動向分析(2020年2月)

# 経済動向1\*

(1) According to the refined estimate, the **gross domestic product** was by 0.3% higher in the Q4 2019 compared to the previous quarter; in the **year-on-year** comparison it **increased** by 1.8%. The **GDP** growth for the entire year 2019 was 2.4%.

The Czech economy continued to grow thanks to the domestic demand also in the end of 2019. The dynamics of the economy growth was thus gradually decreasing during the year 2019.

The gross value added (GVA) increased in the Q4 2019 by 0.4%, q-o-q, and by 1.8%, y-o-y. In the q-o-q comparison, mainly the following economic activities were successful: professional and administrative activities, information and communication, and real estate activities. Construction stagnated in comparison to the previous quarter; in the y-o-y comparison it grew by 3.1%. The GVA decreased in manufacturing (-1.0%, q-o-q; -0.3%, y-o-y). Especially the following economic activities were unsuccessful: manufacture of machinery and equipment and transport equipment. A positive contribution came from manufacture of metals, manufacture of fabricated metal products, and manufacture of basic pharmaceutical products and pharmaceutical preparations.

On the demand side, growing consumption expenditure of households and expenditure on the gross fixed capital formation were key factors of the economy growth in the Q4 2019. The y-o-y growth of GDP (1.8%) was contributed to by final consumption expenditure of households (1.3 p. p.), investment expenditure (0.7 p. p), and the general government expenditure (0.4 p. p.). On the contrary, external demand (-1.9 p. p.) had a markedly negative influence.

**Consumption expenditure of households** on goods and services increased by 1.0%, q-o-q (in the y-o-y comparison it was 3.2% up), mainly owing to increasing expenditure on purchase of services.

**Fixed capital formation** in the Q4 was by 3.6% higher both in the q-o-q and in the y-o-y comparison. Investment expenditure of enterprises went mainly to construction investment and machinery equipment. Investments in dwellings and intellectual property products were increasing with a high growth rate. On the contrary, investments in transport equipment decreased.

The y-o-y growth rate of capital was positively influenced also by the development of **inventories**, which decreased in the end of the year by CZK 11.0 bn, while in the corresponding quarter of the previous year it was by CZK 24.0 bn.

The balance of international trade in goods and services at current prices reached the value of CZK 71.0 bn; thus it was by CZK 22.6 bn lower than in the corresponding period of the previous year. Exports decreased in real terms by 1.5%, q-o-q, and by 1.6%, y-o-y. The development was influenced the most by a decrease in exports of electronic and optical products and machinery and equipment. On the contrary, imports increased by 1.2%, q-o-q (1.4%, y-o-y), namely thanks to increased purchases of services.

As for the price development in the Q4 2019, the total GDP deflator increased by 0.8%, q-o-q, and by 3.5%, y-o-v.

The volume of labour costs increased by 6.2%, y-o-y, in the Q4 2019.

**Total employment decreased** by 0.3% compared to the previous quarter and in the y-o-y comparison it remained unchanged. The highest growth of employment was in the economic activity of information and communication. A decrease of employment occurred in industry.

(2) GDP resources and uses in 2019

The GDP for 2019 was by 2.4% higher than in 2018. Consumption expenditure was the key factor of the year-long growth. Household consumption contribution was 1.2 p. p. and the contribution of the general government expenditure was 0.6 p. p.

The GVA in 2019 increased by 2.4% compared to the previous year. The economic growth has occurred across all economic activities of the Czech economy. The GVA growth was the most contributed to by a group of

<sup>1</sup> Czech Statistical Office, March 3, 2020: GDP Resources and Uses - 4th quarter of 2019; https://www.czso.cz/csu/czso/ari/gdp-resources-and-uses-4-quarter-of-2019

economic activities of trade, transportation, accommodation and food service activities, and information and communication. Also administrative and professional activities were successful as well as construction.

**Final consumption expenditure of households** increased by 3.0%. The **international trade balance** increased at current prices by CZK 3.7 bn, y-o-y, to CZK 345.7 bn. **Gross fixed capital formation** for the entire year 2019 was by 2.3% higher than in 2018. Increased investments went especially to dwellings, other buildings and structures, and intellectual property.

**Total employment** increased by 0.7%, y-o-y, to 5 455 thousand persons. In total, there were by 0.7% more hours worked than in 2018.

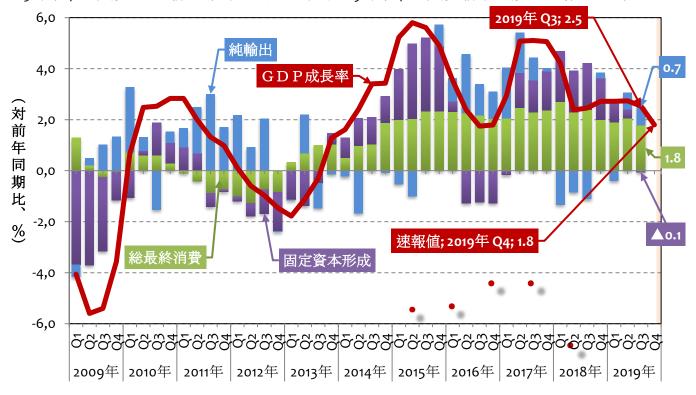
- (3) Since January 2018, the exchange rate remains below CZK 25.95/EUR.

  The CNB at its extraordinary monetary policy meeting on April 6th, the CNB Bank Board decided to end the CNB's exchange rate commitment. This decision took effect immediately.
- (4) 10-year Government bond yields decreased to 1.47% (1.76% in February 2019).

<sup>\*</sup>注:本報告は、チェコ政府公表資料、新聞等報道資料をとりまとめたもの。 下記の月次統計データの大部分は、翌月の第2週の終わりまでにリリースされたもの。

## 1. GDP (GDP成長率、固定資本形成、純輸出、最終消費:チェコ統計局)

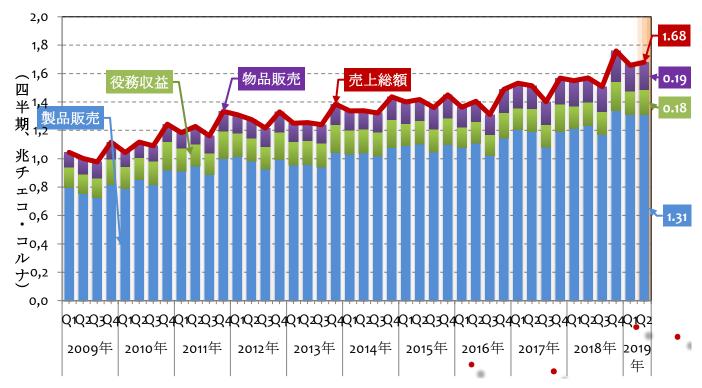
2013 年第 4 四半期から引き続き成長率はプラスであり、2019 年第 4 四半期は前年同期比 1.8%増となった。



|           | 2018 年 | 2018 年 | 2018 年     | 2018 年 | 2019 年 | 2019 年 | 2019 年 | 2019 年 |
|-----------|--------|--------|------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
|           | Q1     | Q2     | <b>Q</b> 3 | Q4     | Q1     | Q2     | Q3     | Q4     |
| GDP成長率(%) | 4.2    | 2.4    | 2.5        | 2.7    | 2.7    | 2.7    | 2.5    | 1.8    |

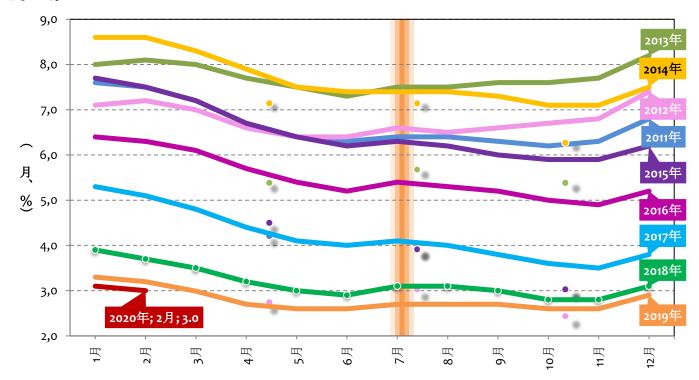
2013 年に変更された ESA2010 欧州基準に対応し、チェコ統計局は 2014 年 10 月 1 日から新しい統計手法を公表した。 詳細は右記のウェブサイトを参照のこと。 <a href="http://apl.czso.cz/pll/rocenka/rocenka.avizo\_revize?mylang=EN">
チェコ統計局は 2016 年 7 月 1 日から変更された GDP を公表した。

# 2. 生産 (鉱工業生産、新規受注、製品販売、役務収益、物品販売、売上総額:チェコ統計局) 鉱工業生産は、2019 年 11 月は対前年同月比▲5.7%減となった後、2019 年 12 月は対前年同月比▲0.9%減となった。 新規受注は、2019 年 11 月同▲2.9 となった後、2019 年 12 月同▲2.7%減となった。



### 3. 雇用 (賃金:チェコ統計局;失業率:チェコ労働社会省)

(1) 賃金(実質)は、2019 第 3 四半期同 4.1%増となった後、2019 第四半期同 3.6%増となり、賃金(月額、名目)は、36,144 コルナとなった。賃金(月額、名目)は、2018 年 31,868 コルナとなった後,2019 年同 4.2%増となり、34,125 コルナとなった。

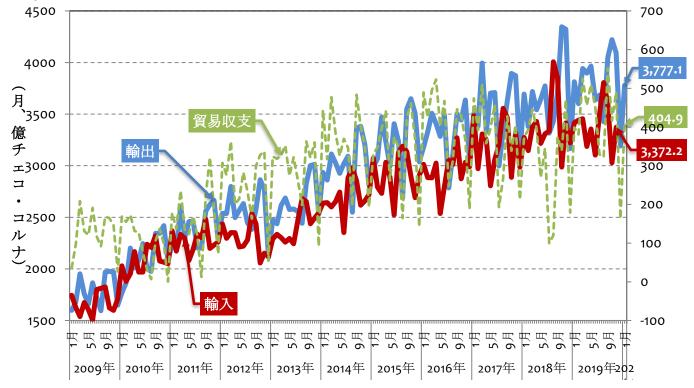


(2)失業率(失業者のシェア)は、2020年1月同3.1%となった後、2020年2月同3.0%となった。

|            | 2019 年<br>2 月 | 2019 年<br>3 月 | 2019 年<br>4 月 | -   | 2019 年<br>6 月 | -   | 2019 年<br>8 月 | 2019 年<br>9 月 | 2019 年<br>10 月 | 2019 年<br>11 月 | 2019 年<br>12 月 | _   | 2020<br>年 2 月 |
|------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|-----|---------------|-----|---------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-----|---------------|
| 失業率<br>(%) | 3.2           | 3.0           | 2.7           | 2.6 | 2.6           | 2.7 | 2.7           | 2.7           | 2.6            | 2.6            | 2.9            | 3.1 | 3.0           |

# 4. 貿易 (通関ベース: 輸出、輸入、貿易収支:チェコ統計局)

輸出(FOB)は、2019 年 12 月同 1.8%増なった後、2020 年 1 月対前年同期比▲1.1%減となった。輸入(CIF)は、2019 年 12 同 1.9%増となった後、2020 年 1 同▲2.4%減となった。

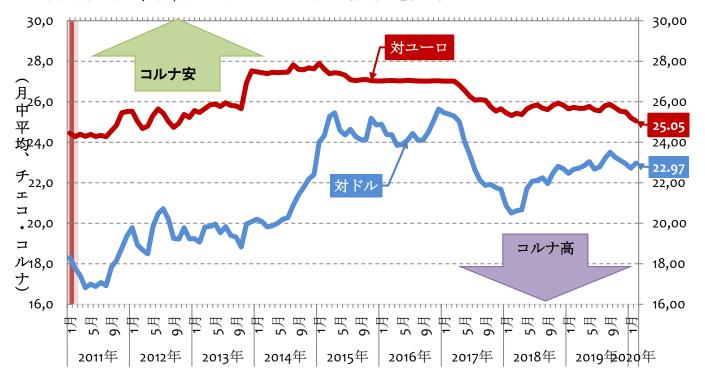


#### 5. 為替・金利 (為替:チェコ中央銀行)

#### (1)為替

チェコ・コルナは、2020 年 2 月末値は、対ユーロ 25.39 コルナ、対ドルでは 23.12 コルナとなった。なお、対円(円/CZK) では、1コルナ=21.27 円(100 円=4.70)となった。

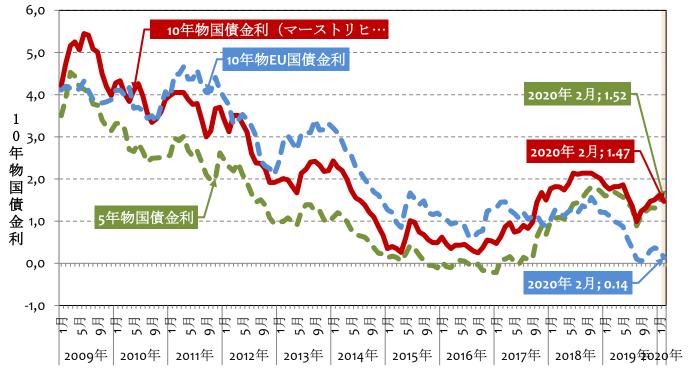
チェコ中央銀行は、2013 年 11 月 7 日、チェコ・コルナ安の為替介入を開始、目標ユーロ 27.00 コルナ。 チェコ中央銀行は、2017 年 4 月 6 日、チェコ・コルナ安の為替介入を終了。



|           | 2019 年<br>6 月 | 2019 年<br>7 月 | 2019 年<br>8 月 | 2019 年<br>9 月 | 2019 年<br>10 月 | 2019 年<br>11 月 | 2019 年<br>12 月 | 2020<br>年 1 月 | 2020 年<br>2 月 |
|-----------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|
| 対ユーロ(平均)  | 25.60         | 25.55         | 25.80         | 25.87         | 25.70          | 25.53          | 25.50          | 25.22         | 25.05         |
| 対ドル(平均)   | 22.67         | 22.78         | 23.19         | 23.51         | 23.26          | 23.10          | 22.94          | 22.72         | 22.97         |
| 円/CZK(平均) | 4.77          | 4.75          | 4.58          | 4.57          | 4.65           | 4.71           | 4.75           | 4.81          | 4.79          |

## (2)国債金利 (5年物国債金利、10年物国債金利:チェコ中央銀行)

10 年物(長期)は、2020 年 2 月 1.62、2020 年 2 月 1.47%。(Maastricht Criterion)



# 6. 主な機関のチェコ経済見通し(%)

| 機関                 | <b>実績値</b> *2 | <b>実績値</b> *2 | チェコ中<br>(2020 st | 中央銀行<br>年 2 月) |        | チェコ財務省<br>(2020 年 1 月) |        | OECD<br>(2019 年 11 月) |        | EC<br>(2020 年 2 月) |        | IMF<br>(2019 年 10 月)  |  |
|--------------------|---------------|---------------|------------------|----------------|--------|------------------------|--------|-----------------------|--------|--------------------|--------|-----------------------|--|
| (公表時期)             | 2018 年        | 2019 年        | 2020 年           | 2021年          | 2020 年 | 2021年                  | 2019 年 | 2020 年                | 2020 年 | 2021年              | 2019 年 | 2020 年                |  |
| 成長率(%)             | 2.8           | 2.5           | 2.5              | 2.7            | 2.0    | 2.1                    | 2.6    | 2.1                   | 2.1    | 2.2                | 2.5    | 2.6                   |  |
| ユーロ圏成長率(%)         | 1.9           | -             | _                | <del>-</del>   | 1.0    | 1.4                    | 1.2    | 1.1                   | 1.2    | _                  | 1.2    | 1.4                   |  |
| インフレ率(%)           | 2.1           | 2.8           | 3.2              | 2.2            | 2.8    | 2.2                    | 2.8    | 2.5                   | 2.4    | 2.0                | 2.6    | 2.2                   |  |
| 失業率(%)*1           | 2.3           | 2.1           | 2.3              | 2.4            | 2.2    | 2.4                    | 2.0    | 2.1                   | 2.2    | <del>-</del>       | 2.2    | 2.3                   |  |
| 財政収支<br>(GDP 比、%)  | 1.1           | 0.6           | 0.3              | ▲ 0.1          | 0.0    | _                      | 0.7    | 0.5                   | ▲ 0.1  | _                  | 0.2    | <b>▲</b> 0 <b>.</b> 1 |  |
| 累積債務<br>(GDP 比、%)  | 32.6          | 30.9          | 29.4             | 28.2           | 30.5   | _                      | 30.9   | 29.6                  | 30.7   | _                  | 31.6   | 30.5                  |  |
| 貿易収支<br>(GDP 比、%)  | 4.1           | 4.3           | 4.5              | 4.3            | -      | _                      | -      | _                     | 4.1    | _                  | -      | _                     |  |
| 経常収支<br>(GDP 比、%)  | 0.3           | 0.4           | 0.4              | 0.4            | 0.6    | 0.7                    | 0.9    | 0.7                   | 0.5    | -                  | ▲ 0.8  | ▲0.2                  |  |
| 為替レート<br>(CZK/EUR) | 25.6          | 25.7          | 25.3             | 25.2           | 25.4   | 25.1                   | -      | _                     | 25.77  | _                  | -      | _                     |  |

<sup>\*1: 2017</sup>年と2018年の失業率は ILO 基準。

# 最新のデータ

<sup>\*2:</sup> ユーロ圏成長率のデータは EUROSTAT、その他のデータはチェコ中央銀行のデータ。